UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
JOSE DE JESUS GONZALEZ,	§	
Petitioner,	§ §	
versus	§ §	CIVIL ACTION NO. 9:23-CV-85
DIRECTOR, TDCJ-CID,	§ §	
Respondent.	§ §	

ORDER ADOPTING THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

Petitioner Jose De Jesus Gonzalez, a prisoner confined at the Wynne State Jail, proceeding *pro se*, filed this petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254.

The court referred this matter to the Honorable Zack Hawthorn, United States Magistrate Judge, at Beaumont, Texas, for consideration pursuant to applicable laws and orders of this court. On October 20, 2023, the magistrate judge recommended dismissing the petition without prejudice. To date, the parties have not filed objections to the report.

The court received and considered the Report and Recommendation of United States Magistrate Judge pursuant to such referral, along with the record, pleadings and all available evidence. After careful review, the court finds that the findings of fact and conclusions of law of the United States Magistrate Judge are correct.

Accordingly, the findings of fact and conclusions of law of the magistrate judge are correct, and the Report and Recommendation of United States Magistrate Judge (#7) is **ADOPTED**. A final judgment will be entered in this case in accordance with the magistrate judge's recommendation.

Furthermore, Petitioner is not entitled to the issuance of a certificate of appealability. An

appeal from a judgment denying federal habeas corpus relief may not proceed unless a judge issues

a certificate of appealability. See 28 U.S.C. § 2253; FED. R. APP. P. 22(b). The standard for

granting a certificate of appealability, like that for granting a certificate of probable cause to appeal

under prior law, requires the petitioner to make a substantial showing of the denial of a federal

constitutional right. See Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 483-84 (2000); Elizalde v. Dretke, 362

F.3d 323, 328 (5th Cir. 2004); see also Barefoot v. Estelle, 463 U.S. 880, 893 (1982). In making

that substantial showing, the petitioner need not establish that he should prevail on the merits.

Rather, he must demonstrate that the issues are subject to debate among jurists of reason, that a

court could resolve the issues in a different manner, or that the questions presented are worthy of

encouragement to proceed further. See Slack, 529 U.S. at 483-84; Avila v. Quarterman, 560 F.3d

299, 304 (5th Cir. 2009). Any doubt regarding whether to grant a certificate of appealability is

resolved in favor of the petitioner, and the severity of the penalty may be considered in making

this determination. See Miller v. Johnson, 200 F.3d 274, 280-81 (5th Cir. 2000).

Petitioner has not shown that any of the issues raised by his claims are subject to debate

among jurists of reason. The questions presented are not worthy of encouragement to proceed

further. Therefore, Petitioner has failed to make a sufficient showing to merit the issuance of a

certificate of appealability.

SIGNED at Beaumont, Texas, this 1st day of December, 2023.

Maria a. Crono

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

2